

Datasheet

КОЕ

TX18D212VM0BAA

7.0" TFT

KO-01-002











The information contained in this document has been carefully researched and is, to the best of our knowledge, accurate. However, we assume no liability for any product failures or damages, immediate or consequential, resulting from the use of the information provided herein. Our products are not intended for use in systems in which failures of product could result in personal injury. All trademarks mentioned herein are property of their respective owners. All specifications are subject to change without notice.



Kaohsiung Opto-Electronics Inc.

FOR MESSRS : _____

DATE : Mar. 28th ,2018

CUSTOMER'S ACCEPTANCE SPECIFICATIONS

TX18D212VM0BAA

Contents

No.	ITEM	SHEET No.	PAGE
1	COVER	7B64PS 2701-TX18D212VM0BAA-1	1-1/1
2	RECORD OF REVISION	7B64PS 2702-TX18D212VM0BAA-1	2-1/1
3	GENERAL DATA	7B64PS 2703-TX18D212VM0BAA-1	3-1/1
4	ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS	7B64PS 2704-TX18D212VM0BAA-1	4-1/1
5	ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS	7B64PS 2704-TX18D212VM0BAA-1	5-1/2~2/2
6	OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS	7B64PS 2705-TX18D212VM0BAA-1	6-1/2~2/2
7	BLOCK DIAGRAM	7B64PS 2706-TX18D212VM0BAA-1	7-1/1
8	RELIABILITY TESTS	7B64PS 2707-TX18D212VM0BAA-1	8-1/1
9	LCD INTERFACE	7B64PS 2709-TX18D212VM0BAA-1	9-1/6~6/6
10	OUTLINE DIMENSIONS	7B64PS 2710-TX18D212VM0BAA-1	10-1/2~2/2
11	APPEARANCE STANDARD	7B64PS 2711-TX18D212VM0BAA-1	11-1/3~3/3
12	PRECAUTIONS	7B64PS 2712-TX18D212VM0BAA-1	12-1/2~2/2
13	DESIGNATION OF LOT MARK	7B64PS 2713-TX18D212VM0BAA-1	13-1/1

ACCEPTED BY: _____

PAGE 1-1/1

2. REC	ORD OF REVISIO	N			
DATE	SHEET No.		SUMMARY		
l		1	T		
KAOHSIUNG	OPTO-ELECTRONICS INC.	SHEET NO.	7B64PS 2702-TX18D212VM0BAA-1	PAGE	2-1/1

3. GENERAL DATA

3.1 DISPLAY FEATURES

This module is a 7" WXGA of 16:9 format amorphous silicon TFT. The pixel format is vertical stripe and sub pixels are arranged as R (red), G (green), B (blue) sequentially. This display is RoHS compliant, COG (chip on glass) technology and LED backlight are applied on this display.

Part Name	TX18D212VM0BAA
Module Dimensions	164.4(W) mm x 105.0(H) mm x 13.5 (D) mm
LCD Active Area	152.45(W) mm x 91.47(H) mm
Pixel Pitch	0.1191(W) mm x 0.1191 (H) mm
Resolution	1280 x 3(RGB)(W) x 768(H) Dots
Color Pixel Arrangement	R, G, B Vertical Stripe
LCD Type	Transmissive Color TFT; Normally Black
Display Type	Active Matrix
Number of Colors	16.7M Colors (8-bit RGB)
Backlight	Light Emitting Diode (LED)
Weight	212 g
Interface	LVDS; 20 pins
Power Supply Voltage	3.3V for LCD; 12V for Backlight
Power Consumption	0.5W for LCD; 6.6W for Backlight
Viewing Direction	Super Wide Version (In-Plane Switching)

4. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	Remarks
Supply Voltage	V _{DD}	-0.3	4.6	V	-
Input Voltage of Logic	VI	-0.3	V _{DD} +0.3	V	Note 1
Operating Temperature	Тор	-40	85	°C	Note 2
Storage Temperature	Tst	-40	90	°C	Note 2
Backlight Input Voltage	V_{LED}	-	14	V	-

Note 1: The rating is defined for the signal voltages of the interface such as CLK and pixel data pairs.

- Note 2: The maximum rating is defined as above based on the temperature of LCD surface which might be different from ambient temperature after assembling the panel into the application. Moreover, some temperature-related phenomenon as below needed to be noticed:
 - Background color, contrast and response time would be different in temperatures other than $25\,^\circ\mathrm{C}\,.$
 - Operating under high temperature will shorten LED lifetime.

KAOHSIUNG OPTO-ELECTRONICS INC.	SHEET NO.	7B64PS 2704-TX18D212VM0BAA-1	PAGE	4-1/1

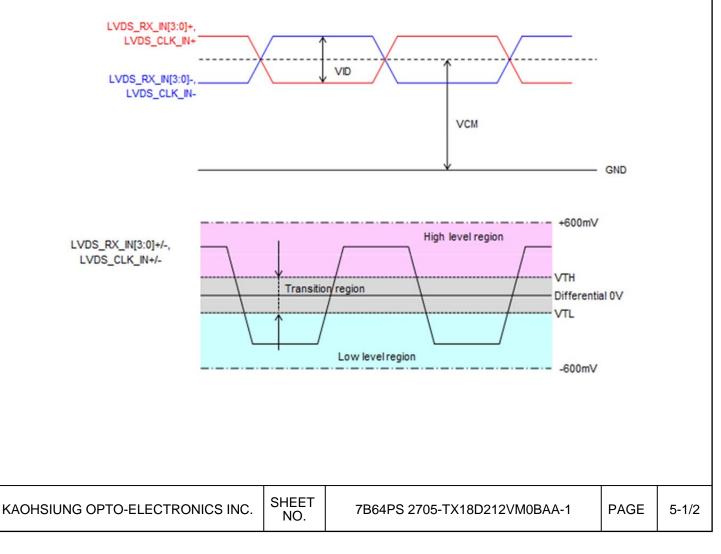
5. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

5.1 LCD CHARACTERISTICS

$T_a = 25$ °C, Vss = 0V

						a	-
Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remarks
Power Supply voltage	V_{DD}	-	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	
Power Supply current	I _{DD}	-	-	150	400	mA	Image: White
	VIH	-	$0.8 x V_{DD}$	-	V _{DD}	V	
Input Signal Voltage	VIL	-	0	-	$0.2 x V_{DD}$	V	
LVDS input signal High Level threshold voltage	VTH	VCM=1.25V			+100	mV	
LVDS input signal Low Level threshold voltage	VTL	VCM=1.25V	-100			mV	
LVDS input signal Differential voltage	VID		+100		+600	mV	
LVDS input signal Common mode voltage	VCM		1.125	1.25	1.375	V	
LVDS signal termination resistor	ZID		90	100	110	ohm	

Note 1: An all white check pattern is used when measuring I_{DD}. Moreover, 1.6A fuse is applied in the module for I_{DD}. For display activation and protection purpose, power supply is recommended larger than 4A to start the display and break fuse once any short circuit occurred.



5.2 BACKLIGHT CHARACTERISTICS							
Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remarks
LED Input Voltage	V_{LED}	-	11.0	12.0	13.0	V	Note1
LED Forward Current		0V; 0% duty	-	550	660		Note 2
(Dim Control)	LED	3.3VDC; 100% duty	-	20	30	mA	
LED lifetime	-	I _{LED} = 550 mA	_	50K	-	hrs	Note 3

- Note 1: As Fig. 5.1 shown, LED current is constant, 550 mA, controlled by the LED driver when applying 12V.
- Note 2: Dimming function can be obtained by applying DC voltage or PWM signal from the display interface CN1. The recommended PWM signal is 1K ~ 10K Hz with 3.3V amplitude.
- Note 3: The estimated lifetime is specified as the time to reduce 50% brightness by applying 550 mA at $25\,^\circ\mathrm{C}\,$.

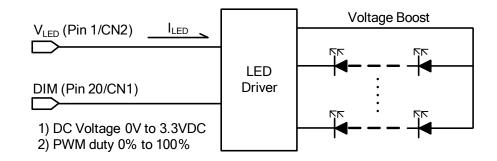


Fig 5.1

Note 4: By applying different I_{LED}, the estimated brightness and LED life time curves are shown as Fig 5.2 and Fig 5.3 for various environment use.

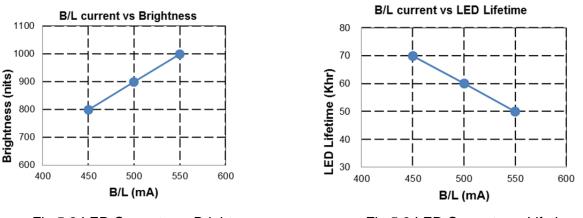
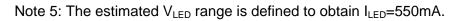


Fig 5.2 LED Current v.s. Brightness





SHEET

6. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

The optical characteristics are measured based on the conditions as below:

- Supplying the signals and voltages defined in the section of electrical characteristics.

- The backlight unit needs to be turned on for 30 minutes.

- The ambient temperature is 25 $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}\,.$

- In the dark room less than 100 lx, the equipment has been set for the measurements as shown in Fig 6.1. $T_c = 25 \degree C$, VDD = 3.3V

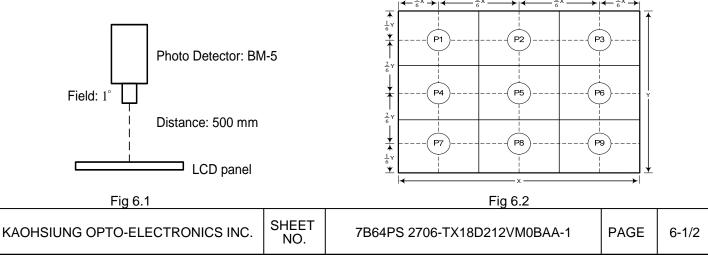
							$I_a = 20$ C,	VDD=3.3V
Item		Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remarks
Brightness o	f White	-		800	1000	-	cd/m ²	Note 1
Brightness U	niformity	-	$\phi = 0^{\circ}, \theta = 0^{\circ},$	70	-	-	%	Note 2
Contrast F	Ratio	CR	I _{LED} = 550 mA	700	1000	-	-	Note 3
Response	Time	$T_r + T_f$	$\phi = 0^\circ, \theta = 0^\circ$	-	-	25	ms	Note 4
NTSC R	atio	-	$\phi = 0^\circ, \theta = 0^\circ$	-	72	-	%	-
		$\theta \mathbf{x}$	$\phi = 0^{\circ}, CR \ge 10$	-	85	-		
		θ x'	φ = 180°, CR ≥ 10	-	85	-		N / -
Viewing A	Viewing Angle		$\phi = 90^{\circ}, CR \ge 10$	-	85	-	Degree	Note 5
		<i>θ</i> y'	φ = 270°, CR ≥ 10	-	85	-		
	. .	Х		0.591	0.641	0.691		
	Red	Y		0.280	0.330	0.380		
		Х		0.264	0.314	0.364		
Color	Green	Y		0.565	0.615	0.665		
Chromaticity	Dhua	Х	$\phi = 0^\circ, \theta = 0^\circ$	0.101	0.151	0.201	-	Note 6
	Blue	Y		0.006	0.056	0.106		
	\\/bitc	Х		0.254	0.304	0.354		
	White	Y		0.261	0.311	0.361		

Note 1: The brightness is measured from the center point of the panel, P5 in Fig. 6.2, for the typical value.

Note 2: The brightness uniformity is calculated by the equation as below:

Brightness uniformity = $\frac{\text{Min. Brightness}}{\text{Max. Brightness}}$ X100%

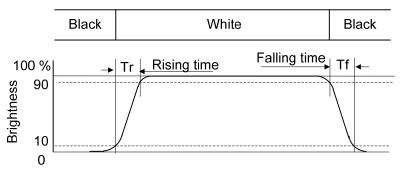
which is based on the brightness values of the 9 points in active area measured by BM-5 as shown in Fig. 6.2.



Note 3: The Contrast Ratio is measured from the center point of the panel, P5, and defined as the following equation:

 $CR = \frac{Brightness of White}{Brightness of Black}$

Note 4: The definition of response time is shown in Fig. 6.3. The rising time is the period from 10% brightness to 90% brightness when the data is from black to white. Oppositely, Falling time is the period from 90% brightness falling to 10% brightness.





Note 5: The definition of viewing angle is shown in Fig. 6.4. Angle ϕ is used to represent viewing directions, for instance, $\phi = 270^{\circ}$ means 6 o'clock, and $\phi = 0^{\circ}$ means 3 o'clock. Moreover, angle θ is used to represent viewing angles from axis Z toward plane XY.

The display is super wide viewing angle version, so that the best optical performance can be obtained from every viewing direction.

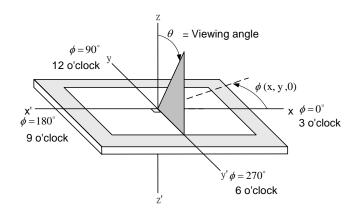
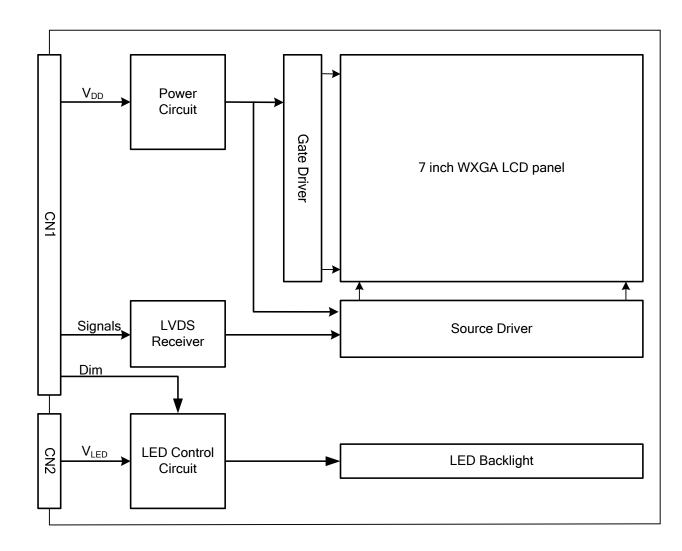


Fig 6.4

Note 6: The color chromaticity is measured from the center point of the panel, P5, as shown in Fig. 6.2.

7. BLOCK DIAGRAM



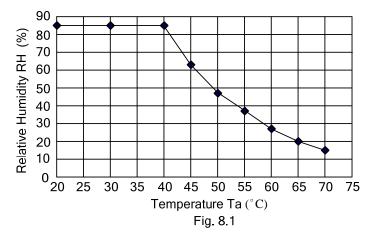
Note 1: Signals are CLK and pixel data pairs.

8. RELIABILITY TESTS

Test Item	Condition				
High Temperature	1) Operating 2) 85 °C	500 hrs			
Low Temperature	1) Operating 2) -40 °C	500 hrs			
High Temperature	1) Storage 2) 90 °C	500 hrs			
Low Temperature	1) Storage 2) -40 °C	500 hrs			
Heat Cycle	1) Operating 2) –40°C ~85°C 3) 3hrs~1hr~3hrs	500 hrs			
Thermal Shock	 Non-Operating -40 °C ↔ 85 °C 0.5 hr ↔ 0.5 hr 	500 hrs			
High Temperature & Humidity	 1) Operating 2) 40 °C & 85%RH 3) Without condensation 	500 hrs (Note 3)			
Vibration	 Non-Operating 10~200 Hz 5G X, Y, and Z directions 	1 hr for each direction			
Mechanical Shock	1) Non-Operating 2) 10 ms 3) 80G 4) $\pm X, \pm Y$ and $\pm Z$ directions	Once for each direction			
ESD	1) Operating 2) Tip: 150 pF, 330 Ω 3) Air discharge for glass: ± 12KV 4) Contact discharge for metal frame: ± 15KV	 Glass: 9 points Metal frame: 8 points (Note4) 			

Note 1: Display functionalities are inspected under the conditions defined in the specification after the reliability tests.

- Note 2: The display is not guaranteed for use in corrosive gas environments.
- Note 3: Under the condition of high temperature & humidity, if the temperature is higher than 40°C, the humidity needs to be reduced as Fig. 8.1 shown.



Note 4: All pins of LCD interface (CN1) have been tested by ±100V contact discharge of ESD under non-operating condition.

SHEET

9. LCD INTERFACE

9.1 INTERFACE PIN CONNECTIONS

The display interface connector (CN1) is FI-SEB20P-HF13E-E1500 made by JAE and pin assignment is as below:

Pin No.	Symbol	Signal	Pin No.	Symbol	Signal
1	V_{DD}	Dower Cumply for Logic	11	IN2-	
2	V _{DD}	Power Supply for Logic	12	IN2+	B2~B5, DE, VS, HS
3	LR	Horizontal Display mode Control	13	V _{SS}	GND
4	UD	Vertical synchronous signal	14	CLK IN-	Divel Cleak
5	IN0-		15	CLK IN+	Pixel Clock
6	IN0+	R0~R5, G0	16	V _{SS}	GND
7	V _{SS}	GND	17	IN3-	
8	IN1-		18	IN3+	R6~R7, G6~G7, B6~B7
9	IN1+	G1~G5, B0~B1	19	V _{SS}	GND
10	V _{SS}	GND	20	DIM	Note 2

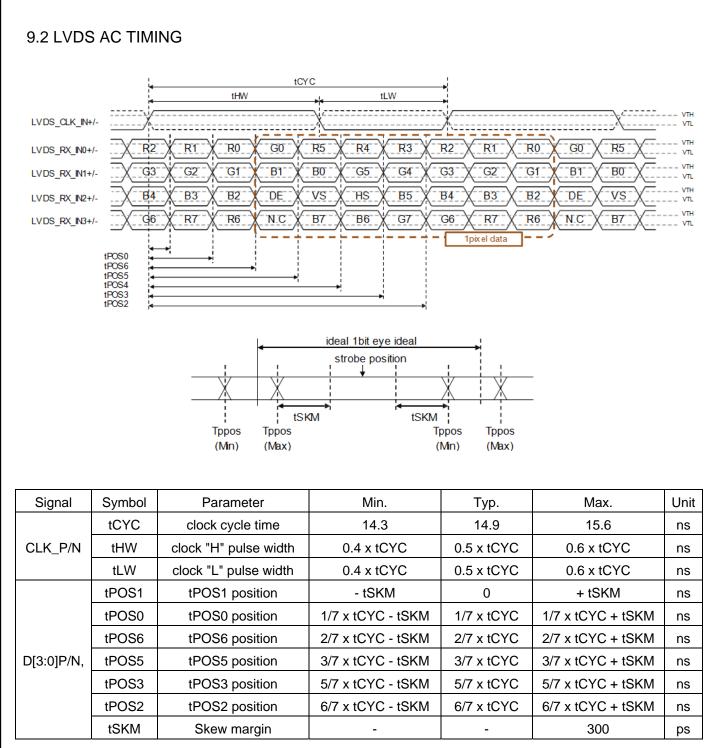
Note 1: IN n- and IN n+ (n=0, 1, 2, 3), CLK IN- and CLK IN+ should be wired by twist-pairs or side-by-side FPC patterns, respectively.

Note 2: Normal brightness: 0V or 0% PWM duty; Brightness control: 0V to 3.3V DC or 0% to 100% PWM duty.

Note 3: Please refer to <u>9.4 DISPLAY MODE CONTROL</u> for the setting methods of UD, LR function.

The backlight connector (CN2) is SM02 (8.0)B-BHS-1-TB(LF)(SN), and pin assignment is as below:

Pin No.	Signal	Signal
1	V_{LED}	12VDC
2	GND	Ground

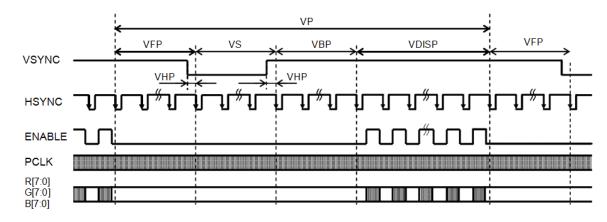


Voltage of V_{DD} is in ranges of 5.1 LCD CHARACTERISTICS, ambient temperature is in a range of operating temperature. VTH and VTL are in ranges of 5.1 LCD CHARACTERISTICS.

9.3 TIMING CHART

9.3.1 DATA INPUT TIMING

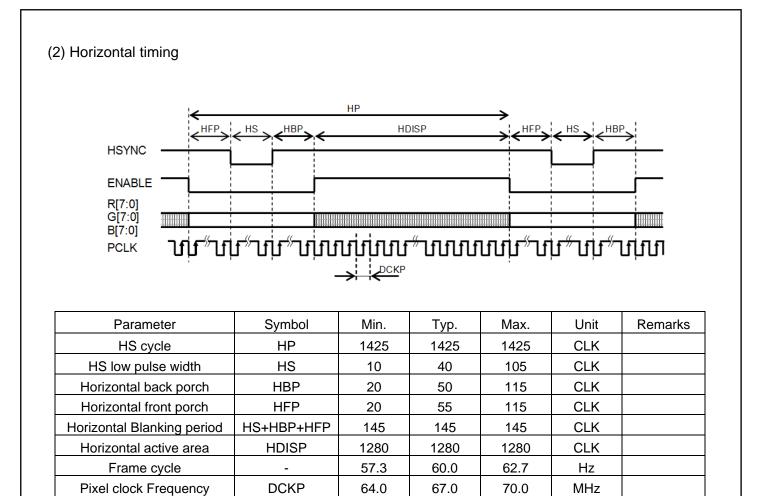
(1) Vertical timing



Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remarks
Vertical cycle	VP	784	784	784	Н	
Vertical Low pulse width	VS	2	2	12	Н	
Vertical back porch	VBP	2	6	12	Н	
Vertical front porch	VFP	2	8	12	Н	
Vertical Blanking period	VS+VBP+VFP	16	16	16	Н	
Vertical active area	VDISP	768	768	768	Н	
VSYNC – HSYNC	VHP	0	-	1	CLK	

Voltage of V_{DD} is in ranges of 5.1 LCD CHARACTERISTICS, ambient temperature is in a range of operating temperature.

KAOHSIUNG OPTO-ELECTRONICS INC.	SHEET NO.	7B64PS 2709-TX18D212VM0BAA-1	PAGE	9-3/6
---------------------------------	--------------	------------------------------	------	-------



Voltage of V_{DD} is in ranges of 5.1 LCD CHARACTERISTICS, ambient temperature is in a range of operating temperature.

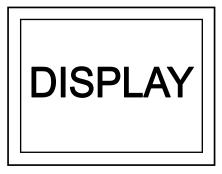
The following specifications are defined based on the typical values in Vertical timing and Horizontal timing tables.

Optical characteristics

Lifetime Qualification Test

9.4 DISPLAY MODE CONTROL

Scan direction is available to be switched as below by setting CN1's UD & LR pin



UD : Low , LR : Low (Default)



UD : High , LR : Low



UD : Low , LR : High



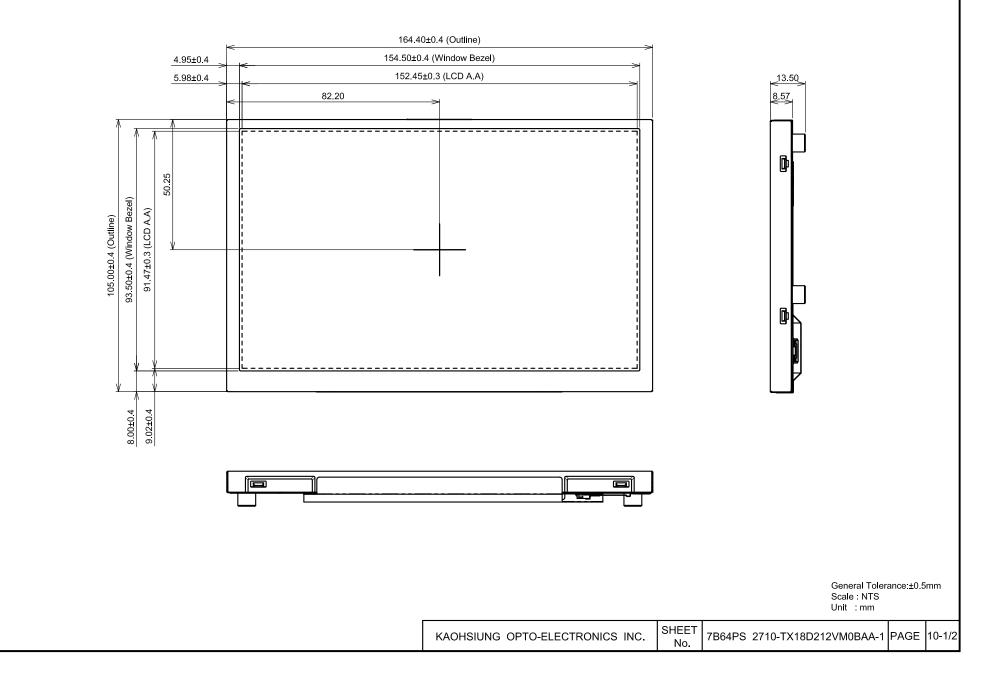
UD : High , LR : High

			Т
KAOHSIUNG OPTO-ELECTRONICS INC.	SHEET NO.	7B64PS 2709-TX18D212VM0BAA-1	

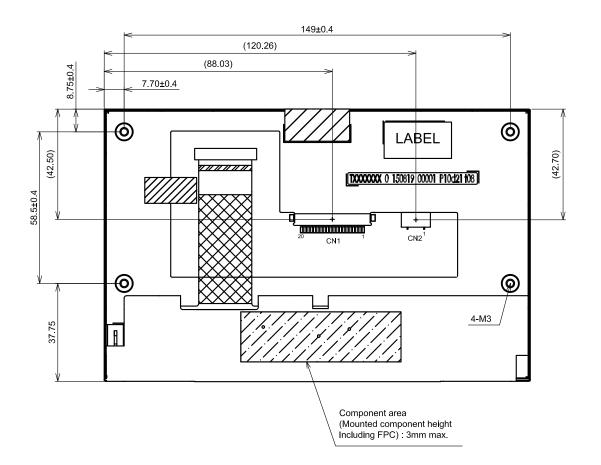
9.5 POWER SEQUENCE Note 1 Note 1 $0.7V_{DD}$ 0.7V_{DD} 0.9V_{DD} $0.1V_{DD}$ V_{DD} Note 3 0.3V_{DD} 0.3V_{DD} Signals 0.3V_{LED} Backlight-Note 2 Note 2

- Note 1: In order to avoid any damages, V_{DD} has to be applied before all other signals. The opposite is true for power off where V_{DD} has to be remained on until all other signals have been switch off. The recommended time period is 1 second.
- Note 2: In order to avoid showing uncompleted patterns in transient state. It is recommended that switching the backlight on is delayed for 1 second after the signals have been applied. The opposite is true for power off where the backlight has to be switched off 1 second before the signals are removed.
- Note 3: In order to avoid high Inrush current, V_{DD} rising time need to set between 0.5ms and 10ms.

10. OUTLINE DIMENSIONS 10.1 FRONT VIEW



10.2 REAR VIEW



General Tolerance:±0.5mm Scale : NTS Unit : mm

11. APPEARANCE STANDARD

The appearance inspection is performed in a room around 500~1000 lx based on the conditions as below:

- The distance between inspector's eyes and display is 30 cm.
- The viewing zone is defined with angle θ shown in Fig. 11. The inspection should be performed within 45° when display is shut down. The inspection should be performed within 5° when display is power on.

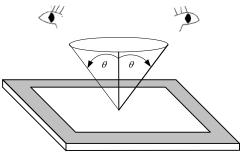


Fig. 11.1

11.1 THE DEFINITION OF LCD ZONE

LCD panel is divided into 2 areas as shown in Fig.11.2 for appearance specification in next section. A zone is the LCD active area (dot area); B zone is the area between A zone and metal frame.

In terms of housing design, B zone is the recommended window area customers' housing should be located in.

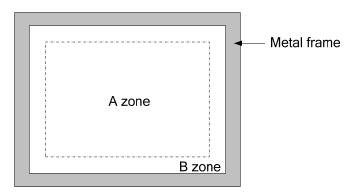


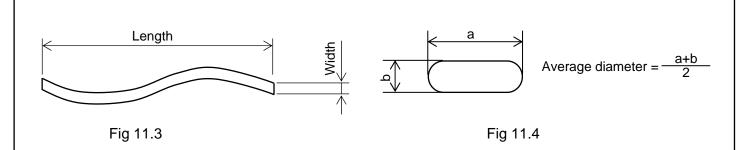
Fig. 11.2

KAOHSIUNG OPTO-ELECTRONICS INC.	SHEET NO.	7B64PS 2711- TX18D212VM0BAA-1	PAGE	11-1/3
---------------------------------	--------------	-------------------------------	------	--------

11.2 LCD APPEARANCE SPECIFICATION

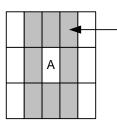
The specification as below is defined as the amount of unexpected phenomenon or material in different zones of LCD panel. The definitions of length, width and average diameter using in the table are shown in Fig. 11.3 and Fig. 11.4.

Item	Criteria					Applied zone		
	Length (mm) Wid		idth (mm) Maximum n		umber	Minimum space		
	Ignored	W≦	0.02	Ignored		-		
	L≦40	W≦	0.04	10		-		
	-	W>	0.04	Not allow	red	-		
Scratches			Round (Dot Shape)			A · B	
	Average diameter	(mm)	Maxim	um number	Mir	nimum space		
	D≦0.2			gnore		-		
	D≦0.4			10		-		
Dent		Se	rious one	is not allowed			А	
Wrinkles in polarizer		Se	rious one	is not allowed			А	
	Average diam	neter (m	m)	Max	kimum n	umber		
Bubbles on polarizer	D≦0.3				Ignored			
Bubbles on polarizer	$0.3 \! < \! D \! \le \! 0.5$		10		A			
	0.5 <d≦1.0 5<="" td=""><td></td></d≦1.0>							
	Filamentous (Line shape)			(Line shape)				
	Length (mm)		Widt	n (mm)	Max	imum number		
	Ignored		W≦	≦0.02		Ignored	A \ B	
	L≦2.0		W≦0.03		10			
1) Stains	L≦1.0	L≦1.0 W		≦0.06 10				
2) Foreign Materials			Round (I	Dot shape)				
3) Dark Spot	Average diameter (r				m number Minimum Space			
of Dark Opor	D≦0.22	Igr		Ignored		-		
	$0.22 < D \le 0.33$		5		-		Α、Β	
	0.33 <d< td=""><td></td><td></td><td colspan="2">0 -</td></d<>			0 -				
	In total		Filamentous + Round=10					
		Those	wiped out e	asily are accept	able			
			Туре		Maximum number			
Dot-Defect	Bright dot-defect			dot		0		
				dot 4		-	А	
(Note 1)	Dark dot-defect		2	dots		1(sets)	~	
	In to		total		4			
		In tota	al			4		



Note 1: The definitions of dot defect are as below:

- For bright dot-defect, showing black pattern, visible with 5% ND filter is defined.
- For dark dot-defect, showing white pattern, defect size over 1/2 dot area is defined.
- The definition of 1-dot-defect is the defect-dot, which is isolated and no adjacent defect-dot.
- The definition of adjacent dot is shown as Fig. 11.5.
- The Density of dot defect is defined in the area within diameter ϕ =10mm.



The dots colored gray are adjacent to defect-dot A.



KAOHSIUNG OPTO-ELECTRONICS INC.	SHEET NO.	7B64PS 2711- TX18D212VM0BAA-1	PAGE	11-3/3

12. PRECAUTIONS

12.1 PRECAUTIONS of ESD

- 1) Before handling the display, please ensure your body has been connected to ground to avoid any damages by ESD. Also, do not touch display's interface directly when assembling.
- 2) Please remove the protection film very slowly before turning on the display to avoid generating ESD.

12.2 PRECAUTIONS of HANDLING

- 1) In order to keep the appearance of display in good condition; please do not rub any surfaces of the displays by sharp tools harder than 3H, especially touch panel, metal frame and polarizer.
- 2) Please do not pile the displays in order to avoid any scars leaving on the display. In order to avoid any injuries, please pay more attention for the edges of glasses and metal frame, and wear finger cots to protect yourself and the display before working on it.
- 3) Touching the display area or the terminal pins with bare hand is prohibited. This is because it will stain the display area and cause poor insulation between terminal pins, and might affect display's electrical characteristics furthermore.
- 4) Do not use any harmful chemicals such as acetone, toluene, and isopropyl alcohol to clean display's surfaces.
- 5) Please use soft cloth or absorbent cotton with ethanol to clean the display by gently wiping. Moreover, when wiping the display, please wipe it by horizontal or vertical direction instead of circling to prevent leaving scars on the display's surface, especially polarizer.
- 6) Please wipe any unknown liquids immediately such as saliva, water or dew on the display to avoid color fading or any permanently damages.
- 7) Maximum pressure to the surface of the display must be less than 1.96×10^4 Pa. If the area of adding pressure is less than 1 cm^2 , the maximum pressure must be less than 1.96N.

12.3 PRECAUTIONS of OPERATING

- 1) Please input signals and voltages to the displays according to the values defined in the section of electrical characteristics to obtain the best performance. Any voltages over than absolute maximum rating will cause permanent damages to this display. Also, any timing of the signals out of this specification would cause unexpected performance.
- 2) When the display is operating at significant low temperature, the response time will be slower than it at 25 C°. In high temperature, the color will be slightly dark and blue compared to original pattern. However, these are temperature-related phenomenon of LCD and it will not cause permanent damages to the display when used within the operating temperature.
- 3) The use of screen saver or sleep mode is recommended when static images are likely for long periods of time. This is to avoid the possibility of image sticking.
- 4) Spike noise can cause malfunction of the circuit. The recommended limitation of spike noise is no bigger than ± 100 mV.

12.4 PRECAUTIONS of STORAGE

If the displays are going to be stored for years, please be aware the following notices.

- 1) Please store the displays in a dark room to avoid any damages from sunlight and other sources of UV light.
- 2) The recommended long-term storage temperature is between 10 C° ~35 C° and 55%~75% humidity to avoid causing bubbles between polarizer and LCD glasses, and polarizer peeling from LCD glasses.
- 3) It would be better to keep the displays in the container, which is shipped from KOE, and do not unpack it.
- 4) Please do not stick any labels on the display surface for a long time, especially on the polarizer.

12.5 PRECAUTIONS of IMAGE STICKING

- 1) Do not display the fixed image or very frequently repeated clips in a long period of time, it may cause image sticking on display. Even a video of several minutes, which is played in a loop, is considered as repetitive.
- Screensaver or power saving mode is recommended to avoid image sticking effectively. Using moving images, scrolling text and alternating a fixed image with a moving image, are the ideal ways to reduce the possibility of image sticking.
- 3) Additionally, it is important to avoid using static bars at image boundaries. Typically, such bars are a result of difference in aspect ratio (e.g., playing 4:3 content on a 16:9 display).

KAOHSIUNG OPTO-ELECTRONICS INC.	SHEET NO.	7B64PS 2712- TX18D212VM0BAA-1	PAGE	12-2/2
---------------------------------	--------------	-------------------------------	------	--------

13. DESIGNATION of LOT MARK

1) The lot mark is showing in Fig.13.1. First 4 digits are used to represent production lot, T represented made in Taiwan, and the last 6 digits are the serial number.

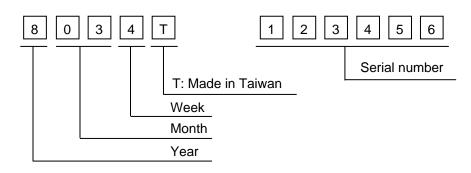


Fig.	13.1

2) The tables as below are showing what the first 4 digits of lot mark are shorted for.

Year	Lot Mark
2018	8
2019	9
2020	0
2021	1
2022	2

Month	Lot Mark	Month	Lot Mark
Jan.	01	Jul.	07
Feb.	02	Aug.	08
Mar.	03	Sep.	09
Apr.	04	Oct.	10
May	05	Nov.	11
Jun.	06	Dec.	12

Week	Lot Mark
1~7 days	1
8~14 days	2
15~21 days	3
22~28 days	4
29~31 days	5

3) Except letters I and O, revision number will be shown on lot mark and following letters A to Z.

4) The location of the lot mark is on the back of the display shown in Fig. 13.2.



Fig. 13.2

KAOHSIUNG OPTO-ELECTRONICS INC.	SHEET NO.	7B64PS 2713- TX18D212VM0BAA-1	PAGE	13-1/1
---------------------------------	--------------	-------------------------------	------	--------



Our company network supports you worldwide with offices in Germany, Austria, Switzerland, the UK and the USA. For more information please contact:

Headquarters





FORTEC Elektronik AG Augsburger Str. 2b 82110 Germering

Phone: E-Mail: Internet: +49 89 894450-0 info@fortecag.de www.fortecag.de

Fortec Group Members



Germany

Switzerland



United Kingdom







FORTEC

INTEGRATED









FORTEC Integrated GmbH Office Vienna Nuschinggasse 12 1230 Wien

Phone: E-Mail: Internet: +43 1 8673492-0 info@fortec-integrated.de www.fortec-integrated.de

FORTEC Integrated GmbH Augsburger Str. 2b

Phone: E-Mail: Internet:

82110 Germering

+49 89 894363-0 info@fortec-integrated.de www.fortec-integrated.de

FORTEC Switzerland AG Bahnhofstraße 3 5436 Würenlos

Phone: E-Mail: Internet: +41 44 7446111 <u>info@fortec.ch</u> <u>www.fortec.ch</u>

FORTEC Technology UK Ltd. Osprey House, 1 Osprey Court Hinchingbrooke Business Park Huntingdon, Cambridgeshire, PE29 6FN

Phone: E-Mail: Internet: +44 1480 411600 <u>info@fortec.uk</u> <u>www.fortec.uk</u>

FORTEC US, Corp. 87 Raynor Avenue, Unit 1 Ronkonkoma, NY 11779

Phone: E-Mail: Internet: +1 631 5804360 <u>info@fortec.us</u> <u>www.fortec.us</u>